

Revolt Against Reds Looms In Hungary; Russ Soviet Seeks Austrian Alliance; Bolshevik Spread Proving German Boon

British Delegates Have a Change of Heart Anent Question of Reparation and Establishment of a "Polish Corridor."

EFFORTS TO SPEED TREATY INCREASED

Whether Pact Shall Include Central Powers Other Than Germany Is Still Undecided--French Join British in Protest.

Paris, March 28.--Official reports are bearing out recent unofficial dispatches from Germany and Austria, indicating in those countries increasing ripeness for Bolshevism, it was learned today.

In fact, these advices are understood to have impressed the peace delegates to such extent that there is a pronounced spirit of leniency toward Germany developing in unexpected quarters.

British Viewpoint Changed. For instance, the British viewpoint on the questions of reparation and establishment of a Polish "corridor" from the Posen region to Danzig solution of which has been among the principal stumbling blocks to speedy completion of the peace treaty, has been considerably modified.

The idea originally expressed by Premier Lloyd George for Germany to pay all the costs of the war, also has been abandoned, as well as a substantial claim for all damages resulting from the war.

Whether the first peace treaty will be with Germany and Austria, or all four enemy powers, probably will depend on developments in the "big four" conferences, it was learned today.

The French have added their disapproval to that of the British to the quadruple treaty idea. Both the British and French may be possible to include Austria in the first treaty without losing time, but that inclusion of Bulgaria and Turkey would mean additional delay.

Secretary Lansing, Foreign Secretary Balfour, Foreign Minister Sonnino and Foreign Minister Pichon are now holding meetings similar to those of the "big four" in an effort to make additional speed toward reaching a peace settlement.

The foreign relations representatives of the five big allied powers today agreed to remove all commercial restrictions on German Austria, as soon as necessary precautions have been taken to prevent re-exportation to Germany, it was officially announced.

This council, which is supplementing the meetings of the "big four," also discussed the frontiers of Schleswig.

Russian Policy Likely. Russia again is taking a prominent place in the peace discussions, it developed today.

Though the Russian situation has recently appeared to be improving, it is believed to be more important and significant than any time heretofore. There seems to be a possibility that the near future will see the framing of a Russian policy something like the Peace Conference has not had since its inception, and lack of which has been a considerable source of embarrassment in considering dealings with Germany.

"Dry" Thief Steals Basket and Liquor From Congressman

A thief with a skeleton key entered the residence of Representative Charles H. Rowland, 1833 Mintwood street northwest, some time in the past ten days and relieved the Representative of a basket of whisky, a quart of champagne, two silk hats, an opera hat and then, not having anything in which to carry the loot, took a large wicker basket.

The robbery was discovered when Representative Rowland went to look for the wicker basket.

The total value of the loot is \$70.

British Taboo Four Peers For Fighting with Foe

London, March 28.--Announcement was made today of the removal from the British peerage of the names of Leopold, Duke of Albany; Frederick Augustus, Duke of Cumberland; Ernest Augustus, Duke of Brunswick; and Henry, Viscount Tsafta.

The four peers were accused of having borne arms against Great Britain and her allies during the war. The charges were investigated by a special committee of the privy council appointed by the King last November.

Austrian Rulers' Flight Caused by Death Menace

Geneva, March 28 (by radio via London).--The flight of ex-emperor Karl and ex-empress Zita of Austria to Switzerland, was prompted by fear of assassination, it is learned, and those who fled after having been taken to the castle at Eckart.

Germany Will Not "Sign On Dotted Line," Rantzau Declares In Interview

Instead Will Offer "Positive Co-operation," At Same Time Demanding Her Colonies Back.

Berlin, March 28.--Germany will not accept the league of nations covenant in its present form. Her delegates will go to Paris not to "sign on the dotted line," but to discuss and offer "positive co-operation." Her chief objections to the present draft are:

That the freedom of the seas is ignored; that her former colonies are to be disposed of without her co-operation and consent.

Foreign Minister's Views. The German Foreign Minister, Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, makes these things clear in an interview with the Berlin correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung. A translation of his views follows:

"To pass judgment on the league of nations covenant from the standpoint of German foreign policy is not easy. Many of its articles are so framed as to be open to different interpretations and execution. Perhaps one reason for this is that the articles were drafted in English and were only translated into French diplomatic language when they were discussed by the commission.

"Furthermore, the articles show that they constitute a compromise of conflicting views. Throughout the whole covenant there runs like a red thread an extraordinary degree of suspicion.

"It is further characteristic that the list of members published simultaneously with the draft contains only states which have been at war with Germany or broken relations with us, and that President Wilson deemed it necessary to use some very harsh words against the Germans in his opening speech.

"Must Co-operate," He Says. "We must, if in any way possible, co-operate in a positive manner in states which have been at war with Germany or broken relations with us, and that President Wilson deemed it necessary to use some very harsh words against the Germans in his opening speech.

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Entente Offers to Assist Rumania in Movement to Stem Reds' Sweep--Revolution Is Proclaimed Throughout All Galicia.

BOLSHEVIST MARCH THREATENS AUSTRIA

Campaign Through Galicia Said to Be Progressing With Great Rapidity--Uprising Is Proclaimed in Lithuania.

London, March 29.--Conservatives in Hungary are threatening a counter revolution if the Bolshevik regime continues, a Vienna dispatch reported today.

The conservative element is said to have accused Count Karolyi of treason in turning the country over to the Bolsheviks.

The Soviet government, according to the dispatch, has decided to use every force to put down opposition.

Lenine Flirts With Austria. Dispatches received from Austrian sources today said it was reported that the Russian Soviet government has offered Austria a defensive and offensive alliance.

A general railway strike has been proclaimed throughout Austria, according to a dispatch from Vienna today. The strike is said to be impeding food shipments and stocks in some places are dangerously low.

Fear was expressed that the strike may be only preliminary to a political uprising.

Budapest Reported Normal. The new Hungarian Minister to Vienna stated in an interview, it was learned today, that Communists and Socialists reached an agreement to institute the former's program in Hungary.

Life in Budapest is again normal, the Minister said. Business, suspended for a few days to allow the government to take an inventory, has been resumed. Socialization is being performed gradually and without shock.

Italian Troops Occupy Raab. Zurich, March 28.--Seven thousand Italian troops have occupied Stuhlweissenburg and Raab, taking over a part of the Vienna Budapest Railway, according to dispatches received here today.

(Stuhlweissenburg is only thirty-five miles southwest of Budapest and Raab is sixty-seven miles northwest.)

Two Rumanian army corps are said to have crossed the frontier of eastern Galicia.

Proclaim Revolt in Galicia. Paris, March 28.--Revolutionary troops in Bessarabia and Ukraine are forcing, according to official dispatches received here today.

The workmen's and soldiers' councils in Lemberg are said to have proclaimed a revolution effective throughout Galicia.

The allies, it was reported today, have decided to give the Rumanian army all necessary equipment to establish a firm basis.

At the same time, it was said, the Baltic and Black sea fronts are being organized and that the interallied command will take a hand in operations against the Bolsheviks in those regions.

Trotsky Claims Polish Recruits. Copenhagen, March 28.--Minister Trotsky has announced in a wireless statement that the Soviet revolution in Galicia is gaining headway.

The fact that his fiancée is just 17 and her mother opposed to an immediate marriage are the reasons for not making a formal announcement of the engagement at this time.

Mrs. Burton Harrison expects a visit from her future daughter-in-law before she closes her home, 1907 I street northwest, to visit her country estate.

Governor Harrison served in Congress from New York and received his appointment in 1913 from President Wilson. His first wife, who was killed in an automobile accident in 1905, was Miss Mary Crocker of San Francisco, by whom he has two daughters.

His second wife, from whom he was divorced since his residence in Manila, was Miss Judson of Brooklyn, but at the time of her marriage to Mr. Harrison, was a divorcee. During his visit to Washington, the son by this marriage accompanied his father.

G. O. P. "Listening Post" Will Be Opened Monday

Chicago, March 28.--Capt. Victor Heintz, of Cincinnati, recently appointed manager of the Chicago "listening post" of the Republican National Committee, took charge of the office here today.

The office will be opened formally Monday. V. Chilton, of Ann Arbor, Mich., is to assist Capt. Heintz in the Chicago headquarters.

IRISH IN AMERICA WILL HAVE VOICE IN PEACE PARLEY

Committee of Four Named To Sail for France Wednesday.

F. P. WALSH, CHAIRMAN

Imbued with Necessity of Extending Principles of Free Government.

Ireland's claims to self-determination will be presented to the Peace Conference at Paris.

A committee representing the Irish race in America will sail for France from New York next Wednesday on board the liner Touraine.

The personnel of the committee represent four of the most distinguished Irish-Americans in the United States.

Edward F. Dunne, of Chicago; Michael J. Ryan, of Philadelphia; Patrick Lee, of New York, secretary.

Chairman Walsh and Mr. Ryan called at the State Department Thursday and made formal application for passports for the noted party. Yesterday afternoon they were officially notified that the passports requested would be issued to the committee not later than next Monday.

State Object of Trip. In stating the object of the committee in desiring to visit France, Chairman Walsh made the following explanation in the application form:

"To obtain for the delegates selected by the people of Ireland a hearing at the Peace Conference, and to place before the conference, if the hearing is not given, the case of Ireland, her insistence upon her right to self-determination; and to international recognition of the republican form of government established by her people."

The recent Irish race convention in Philadelphia, which was attended

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Great Triplane To Transport 100 For 1,200 Miles

London, March 28.--The Tarrant super-triplane, described by the Daily News as the most remarkable aeroplane yet designed, is to have its trial flight early next month.

This great plane will be capable of carrying more than 100 passengers for a distance of 1,200 miles. It will have a speed of 80 to 100 miles an hour.

CANADA DROPS DAYLIGHT SAVING

Hence, Beginning Sunday, Canadians Will Be Hour Behind U. S.

Ottawa, Ont., March 28.--Starting next Sunday when the new time in the U. S. becomes effective, the most frequently repeated question on this side of the border will probably be "What time are you using?"

The Dominion government, by a majority of fifty-four, last night defeated the daylight saving bill.

Railroads, including government lines, already have their new time tables printed and will follow United States time; Montreal and Toronto stock exchanges, newspapers and telegraph companies will do likewise and some cities will adopt the scheme while other municipalities and rural districts will adhere to the old time.

As a result, there promises to be plenty of confusion in Canada for the next six months.

Italy Ready to Pay \$25 Ton for American Coal

Rome, March 28.--The Italian minister today accepted the American offer of 3,000 tons of coal at \$25 a ton, to be delivered in Genoa within six months.

ADVOCATES LAW TO STOP "REDS" IN SHIP PLANT

U. S. CAMPAIGN

Attorney General Palmer Says Bolshevik Tendency Must Be Stamped Out.

WOULD DEPORT ALIENS

Says Spies, Enemy Agents and Convicted Criminals Don't Belong Here.

Only the enactment of the most drastic stamp out seditious teachings and the spread of Bolshevism in the United States, Attorney General Palmer said yesterday.

Unless this hoped-for legislation is passed it will become necessary immediately on the ratification of peace to set free all alien enemies then in confinement. That would permit criminals, spies and enemy agents now held in detention camps to preach the doctrine of the torch and overthrow of government.

To Seek Legislation. Attorney General Palmer stated that it was his intention to present at the next session of Congress the request made to the last Congress by Attorney General Gregory and Secretary Wilson for laws to provide machinery for full investigation of suspects and for power to deport the most dangerous alien enemies.

The Attorney General made public yesterday a statement setting forth the Department of Justice's relations to the alien enemies now interned. They are divided into three groups.

First--The Department of Justice has directed the release on parole of about six hundred persons who are classified as "belonging to the more harmless class of dangerous alien enemies."

This group consists chiefly of persons who were interned because of repeated violation of parole or other regulations and are now no longer regarded as a menace to the public safety.

Second. When these men have been released there will remain in the internment camps approximately 900 dangerous alien enemies. It is not expected that any substantial number of these will be released in the near future. About 250 of this number are professed members of the I. W. O. or anarchistic organizations, and their cases will be referred to the Secretary of Labor with a view of securing their deportation if the evidence warrants such action.

Third. The residue of the 500 dangerous alien enemies contains a large number of convicted criminals.

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\$40,000 BLAZE AT ALEXANDRIA

Two Men Are Badly Burned In Fire of Unknown Origin.

DISTRICT LENDS AID

Workmen Also Battle with Flames Which Threaten Heavier Loss.

Alexandria, Va., March 28.--With the lowest tide in months, the fire system of the plant, a blaze threatening destruction to the \$40,000 shipbuilding plant of the Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation broke out yesterday afternoon.

Causes of the fire is being investigated. It is thought to have started from a leak in fuel oil tanks. Damage is placed by F. H. Higgins, secretary of the corporation, at \$40,000.

The fire was confined to the shop per shop. Two of the workers of this shop are in the hospital badly burned as a result of the fire. They are Thomas Murray and Walter Hays.

Had the stiff breeze which fanned the fire been blowing in the opposite direction, the plant of the company would have gone up in flames.

Wind Saved Plant. To the windward of the copper shop stands the joining room. Here there were huge piles of lumber. Finding the water system of the plant useless on account of the low tide, Washington fire apparatus was called to the scene and the fire was kept from spreading.

Two hundred workmen with ropes saved several thousand dollars worth of machinery. Two workmen made their way to the flames and the shop, near the burning building, worked out the bolt which battered down the machinery, and cleared the way for the firemen to enter.

The blaze burst with dangerous spontaneity. The fuel oil and rough kept in the copper shop to aid in the dressing of the plates used for the outer hull of the ship were soon on fire. Five minutes after the fire broke out, the first efforts of the fire fighters were along preventive lines. They drenched the joiners shop and nearby structures.

Building Insured. The loss is covered partially by insurance. Work on the sister ship to the Gunston Hall, now on the ways and on the Gunston Hall itself, will be set back about two weeks by the fire.

The Gunston Hall was to have sailed to Australia May 15. Postponement of the voyage may result from the occurrence.

Baker Deems Ansell's Reply "Not Helpful"

The War Department will not make public Lieut. Col. Ansell's reply to Maj. Gen. Crowder's report to the Secretary of War on court martial conditions in the army.

Secretary Baker announced yesterday that he had returned Col. Ansell's letter because it "seems to me to be helpful."

Mr. Baker said: "I have returned to Col. Ansell the letter which he sent me, with the suggestion that he make with reference to improvement in the substantive military law or in procedure will be welcomed."

"The particular letter seems to me to be not helpful, and therefore, I have returned it to him, and I have told him that any suggestion he wants to make he can make either through military channels or directly to me as he may elect."

Action Surprises All. The action of the Secretary in refusing to allow Col. Ansell's reply to become public, or even to keep it in the files of the department, came as a distinct surprise in military and Congressional circles.

Army regulations prevent Col. Ansell from giving out his reply. By adopting such a course, he would lay himself liable to court-martial. When seen last night he declined.

Second Dreyfus Case. The holding up of Col. Ansell's reply, said Senator Chamberlain, and the treatment of Col. Ansell by the department could not be construed other than as an attempt to make Col. Ansell, a second Maj. Dreyfus.

The Secretary of War had surrounded himself with reactionaries, the Senator stated, and had refused to give Col. Ansell justice.

As a result of today's development, it is believed Senator Chamberlain will urge the adoption by the Senate of a resolution calling on the War Department to make Col. Ansell, a second Maj. Dreyfus.

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MARIA BOTCHKAREVA Commander of the Russian Women's BATTALION OF DEATH

Will start her amazing confessions in The Sunday Washington Herald. It is the first true story of this modern Joan of Arc, far stranger and more dramatic than fiction.

PHILIP GIBBS The Greatest of All War Correspondents, will write on "THE DARKEST DAYS OF ALL"

Being an unexpurgated account of the true causes of the British retreat during March and April, 1918.

OTHER EXCLUSIVE FEATURES In The Sunday Washington Herald will be WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE'S

Interpretations of the progress of the Peace Conference from his viewpoint as a journalist and statesman.

HERALD PRIZES SPUR WORKERS

Double Vote Offer Results In Greater Drive for Valuable Rewards.

The first two days of the double vote extra prize offer started off at a fine rate. A great many candidates called at the club headquarters and reported their first subscriptions on the offer, while a great many others have asked for receipt books and are starting after the extra prizes given during this period.

While the double vote period does not close until April 12 and there are two full weeks yet, it is expected that the candidates will make a hard fight during this period to pile up a big reserve of votes and win one of the four extra prizes. These prizes are separate from the main list and are given for extra effort during the double vote period.

Extra Prize Offer. Not only will the new subscriptions count for no of the extra prizes, but renewals as well will count on the offer. It is simply a matter of votes and those who secure the largest number of votes during this period will get the extra votes.

The extra prizes will be won by the four candidates who turn in the

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French Senate Demands Trial of War Criminals

Paris, March 28.--The French senate unanimously passed a resolution today declaring that integral reparation and damages should be demanded from Germany, and that all German criminals should be punished.

100,000 Welsh Miners Strike, Defying Leaders

London, March 28.--Ignoring the advice of their leaders, more than 100,000 miners in South Wales and nearby districts have gone on strike, according to advices received by the Mail Magazine.

French Continue to Demand Allied Occupation of Germany

Paris, March 28.--Apprehension that Germany will not sign the peace treaty as being formulated is growing daily. There is more talk of war in the French press than there is of peace. The names of Marshal Foch and Gen. Mangin figure as prominently today as they did a year ago.

Will Germany play the rascals or Bolshevik? She may cross her arms and say, "We will not sign your treaty; do your worst," which would mean that the allies would have to occupy the whole of Germany and run the country as a referee runs the estate of a bankrupt for the benefit of the creditors. The allies in that event would become responsible for feeding all civilians until the next harvest.

May Throw Bolshevism Fit. The entente powers would rather find a stable German government with which they can sign peace than no government at all. None of the allied nations cherishes the prospect of using a national army to police the whole of Germany.

Another possibility is that Germany may throw a Bolshevik fit, froth at the mouth, and shout "I am Bolshevik. You can't make me sign anything, and if you don't look out I will infect your people with the mania."

The third possibility is the resumption of warfare, which would begin with Germany forcibly resisting allied measures such as landing of Polish troops or refusal to recognize the new Polish frontiers. While such threats hardly are taken seriously, there are accumulating indications that Germany feels sure

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Plans His Third Venture on Sea of Matrimony

Governor F. B. Harrison, of Philippine Islands, to Marry Again.

Francis Burton Harrison, governor general of the Philippine Islands, who has been stopping at the Shoreham during a Washington visit, has confided to friends the fact he is again about to be married, having become engaged to a young girl of American parentage temporarily located in Manila.

Governor Harrison is well known here, through his service in the House of Representatives and his social activities. It will be his third venture upon the sea of matrimony.

The fact that his fiancée is just 17 and her mother opposed to an immediate marriage are the reasons for not making a formal announcement of the engagement at this time.

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Five Bandits Rob Bank In Detroit of \$40,000

Detroit, March 28.--Five armed bandits robbed a branch of the Commonwealth-Federal Savings Bank here today of between \$40,000 and \$50,000, the police estimated.

First the bandits bound the cashier and locked him and his assistant in the safe. They escaped in an automobile.

Greeks to Patrol Asia Minor

London, March 28.--The Paris correspondent of the Post said today he has authorized the sending of 5,000 Greek troops into Asia Minor to maintain order.